# 5 The Global Fund

## **Grant Confirmation**

- 1. This Grant Confirmation is made and entered into by the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (the "Global Fund") and International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease (the "Principal Recipient" or the "Grantee"), as of the date of the last signature below and effective as of the start date of the Implementation Period (as defined below), pursuant to the Framework Agreement, dated as of 2 April 2015, as amended and supplemented from time to time (the "Framework Agreement"), between the Global Fund and the Grantee, to implement the Program set forth herein.
- 2. <u>Single Agreement</u>. This Grant Confirmation, together with the Integrated Grant Description attached hereto as Schedule I, sets forth the provisions (including, without limitation, policies, representations, covenants, Program Activities, Program budget, performance framework, and related implementation arrangements) applicable to the Program, and forms part of the Grant Agreement. Each capitalized term used but not defined in this Grant Confirmation shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in the Framework Agreement (including the Global Fund Grant Regulations (2014), available at http://www.theglobalfund.org/GrantRegulations). In the event of any inconsistency between this Grant Confirmation and the Framework Agreement (including the Global Fund Grant Regulations (2014)), the provisions of this Grant Confirmation shall govern unless expressly provided for otherwise in the Framework Agreement.
- 3. Grant Information. The Global Fund and the Grantee hereby confirm the following:

3.1.	Host Country or Region:	Republic of India
3.2.	Disease Component:	Tuberculosis
3.3.	Program Title:	'Reaching the Unreached'- Ensuring universal access to TB prevention and care services for all
3.4.	Grant Name:	IND-T-IUATLD
3.5.	GA Number:	1617
3.6.	Grant Funds:	Up to the amount of USD 15,511,945.00 or its equivalent in other currencies
3.7.	Implementation Period:	From 1 January 2018 to 31 March 2021 (inclusive)
3.8.	Principal Recipient:	International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease C-6, Qutub Institutional Area 110016 New Delhi Republic of India
	gane a vitriable of beau od os of rothy nextended to does hard exuste of saled to logic exception incre-	Attention Dr. Jamhoih Tonsing Regional Director  Facsimile: +917042558830 Email: jtonsing@theunion.org

3.9.	Fiscal Year:	1 April to 31 March
3.10.	Local Fund Agent:	Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Building 8, 7th & 8th Floor, Tower-B DLF Cyber City 122002 Gurgaon Republic of India
	ted populari se some in	Attention Mr. Heman Sabharwal
	negations and seament	Partner
588G	menci bermagahil seli menci	Telephone: 911244620510 Facsimile: +97714004578 Email: heman.sabharwal@in.pwc.com
3.11.	Global Fund contact:	The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria Chemin de Blandonnet 8, 1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland
inclari Farie		Attention Urban Weber Department Head
		Grant Management Division
	TERROLLES SON STELLEGO SON	Telephone: +41 58 791 1700 Facsimile: +41 58 791 1701 Email: urban.weber@theglobalfund.org

- 4. <u>Policies</u>. The Grantee shall take all appropriate and necessary actions to comply with (1) the Global Fund Guidelines for Grant Budgeting (2017, as amended from time to time), (2) the Health Products Guide (2017, as amended from time to time), and (3) any other policies, procedures, regulations and guidelines, which the Global Fund may communicate in writing to the Grantee, from time to time.
- 5. Covenants. The Global Fund and the Grantee further agree that:
  - 5.1. The Grantee acknowledges and agrees that (i) the commitment and disbursement of Grant Funds under the Grant Agreement is subject to the Global Fund Sustainability, Transition and Cofinancing Policy (GF/B35/04) (the "STC Policy"), and (ii) 20% of India's allocation will be made available upon increases in co-financing as required under the STC Policy.
  - 5.2. With respect to Section 7.6 (Right of Access) of the Global Fund Grant Regulations (2014), it is understood and agreed that (1) the Global Fund may collect or seek to collect data, and it is possible that such data may contain information that could be used to identify a person or people, and (2) the Grantee has undertaken or has caused to be undertaken prior to collection and thereafter whatever is required under the applicable laws of India to ensure that such information may be transferred to the Global Fund for such purpose upon request.
  - 5.3. Transition between grants:

- 1. The Program budget in the Integrated Grant Description attached hereto as Schedule I reflects the total amount of Global Fund funding to be made available for the Program. The Program budget may be funded in part by grant funds disbursed to the Grantee under a previous Grant Agreement, which the Global Fund has approved to be used for the Program under the current Grant Agreement ("Previously Disbursed Grant Funds"), as well as additional Grant Funds up to the amount set forth in Section 3.6 of the Grant Confirmation. Where the Global Fund has approved the use of Previously Disbursed Grant Funds, the Global Fund may reduce the amount of Grant Funds set forth in Section 3.6 of the Grant Confirmation by the amount of any Previously Disbursed Grant Funds, and the definition of Grant Funds set forth in Section 2.2 of the Global Fund Grant Regulations (2014) shall include any Previously Disbursed Grant Funds.
- 2. All non-cash assets remaining under any previous Grant Agreements as of the start date of the Implementation Period shall be fully accounted for and duly documented ("Previous Program Assets"). Unless otherwise agreed with the Global Fund, the definition of Program Assets set forth in Section 2.2 of the Global Fund Grant Regulations (2014) shall include any Previous Program Assets.
- 3. For the avoidance of doubt, except as explicitly set forth herein, nothing in the instant Grant Agreement shall impact the obligations of the Grantee under any previous Grant Agreement(s) (including, but not limited to, those concerning financial and other reporting).
- 5.4. Recovery of the costs for support of the relevant headquarters of the Grantee and each Sub-recipient under the Program (the "ICR Charges") shall (i) not exceed the rate in the approved Program budget and (ii) be subject to the Global Fund's satisfaction with the Grantee's and such Sub-recipient's compliance with the principles, responsibilities and reporting requirements set forth in the Global Fund's policies relating to ICR Charges.
- 5.5. The use of Grant Funds to finance operational research studies and surveys that are proposed to be conducted under the Program (each an "Operational Research Study or Survey") is subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions with respect to the relevant Operational Research Study or Survey:
  - 1. The delivery by the Grantee to the Global Fund, in form and substance satisfactory to the Global Fund, of a study protocol, including the detailed costed work plan, for such Operational Research Study or Survey (the "Study Protocol"); and
  - 2. The written approval by the Global Fund of the Study Protocol.
- 5.6. The Grantee agrees to take all necessary actions to coordinate and cooperate with the Central TB Division, Directorate General of Health Services ("CTD") during implementation of the Program, including through participation in the following two coordination meetings that shall be hosted by CTD at a place, date and time and in a manner to be determined by CTD:
  - 1. Principal Recipient Coordination Committee Meeting; and
  - 2. National Biannual Review Meeting.

[Signature Page Follows.]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Global Fund and the Grantee have caused this Grant Confirmation to be executed and delivered by their respective duly authorized representatives on their respective date of signature below.

The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis

International Union Against Tuberculosis and **Lung Disease** 

1	MA	Q.	206	Pol	-	1
		-			_	

By:

Name:

Mark Edington

Title:

Head, Grant Management Division

Name:

Dr. Jamhoih Tonsing

Title:

Regional Director

Date: Jan 24, 2018

23 January 2018

Acknowledged by

Name: Ms. Preeti Sudan

Title:

By:

Chair of the Country Coordinating Mechanism for Republic of India

Date:

01.03.2018

Name: Dr. Nerges Mistry

Title:

Civil Society Representative of the Country Coordinating Mechanism for Republic of India

Date: 07/03/2018

#### Schedule I

## Integrated Grant Description

Country:	Republic of India
Program Title:	'Reaching the Unreached'- Ensuring universal access to TB prevention and care services for all
Grant Name:	IND-T-IUATLD
GA Number:	1617
Disease Component:	Tuberculosis
Principal Recipient:	International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease (The Union)

### A. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

## 1. Background and Rational for the Program:

In India with an estimated 2.8 million incident TB cases and 0.48 million deaths annually, Tuberculosis (TB) continues to be a major public health problem. The Revised National TB Control Programme (RNTCP) diagnoses and treats over 1.5 million TB cases annually. However, over 1 million TB cases are still 'missed' annually. The key challenges in controlling TB in India include:

- Delayed diagnosis and treatment initiation and inadequate treatment adherence due to lack of knowledge and linkages to appropriate care and support.
- Diverse private sector ranging from unqualified healthcare providers to highly specialised corporate hospitals, often not adhering to the standards of TB care.
- The rapid emergence of drug resistant TB and associated poor treatment outcomes threatens
  the gains made by the programme till date. Addressing drug-resistant TB requires universal
  drug sensitivity testing (DST) with rapid tests and newer and more effective shorter treatment
  regimens.
- Risk factors and co-morbidities like HiV, diabetes, malnutrition, tobacco use and indoor air pollution are enhancing TB incidence and compromising treatment outcomes.
- Inadequate strategies including socio-economic support for the vulnerable and marginalised groups including slum dwellers, tribal population, people living below poverty line (BPL), migrants, children, women etc.

The Government of India has formulated the National Strategic plan 2017-2025 with an aim to eliminate TB by 2025. The elimination strategy is based on four strategic pillars of "Detect – Treat – Prevent – Build" (DTPB). Implementing this strategy requires active support and participation from a wide range of stakeholders to ensure that the efforts made by the Government reaches the population most in need of these services.

The proposed project aims to promote active case finding efforts across 14 states of the country. The project will undertake direct implementation of active case finding in 128 districts and will provide technical assistance in developing the capacity of states and districts in undertaking active case finding interventions among the key affected population (KAP) and linking them with quality assured TB

services.

#### 2. Goal:

To achieve a rapid decline in burden of TB morbidity and mortality while working towards elimination of TB in India by 2025

## 3. Objectives:

In alignment with the national programme's vision under the national strategic plan (NSP) framework for TB elimination 2017-25, and to achieve Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) target 3.3, which seeks to ensure healthy lives, promote well-being at all ages and aspires to end epidemic of communicable diseases such as TB by early case detection, treatment and follow-up support to treatment adherence, following objectives are set —

- · Early case detection and quality assured management of TB patients through:
  - Active case finding (ACF) among high risk groups
  - o Outreach, communication, and community engagement
  - o Providing treatment adherence support
- To provide technical support at the national and state level on key thematic areas including active case finding and Advocacy Communication and Community Engagement.

## 4. Strategies:

- · Active case finding and quality assured management of TB patients in key affected populations
- · Establishing systems for active surveillance in the key affected populations
- · Empowering TB affected community

### 5. Planned Activities:

### i. Mapping the target population and healthcare providers:

- Identification of suitable NGOs, CBOs that have the expertise and proven track record of implementing health/TB related projects in these districts in close collaboration with the TB control programme managers and other relevant stakeholders.
- Extensive mapping of the high risk population groups in the entire district and an assessment on the requirements to link these individual population groups to TB control services.

## ii. Active case finding for early detection of TB cases in the high risk populations:

- Community level screening: This will be done by implementing active case finding and support patients to undergo the diagnostic process as per the RNTCP diagnostic algorithm.
   The methodologies will include:
  - Trained volunteers will go door to door and spread awareness about TB and RNTCP services
  - Simultaneously screen and identify presumptive TB patients.
  - Link presumptive TB patients with diagnostic and treatment services as per RNTCP quidelines.

## Institutional screening:

 In high workload health care facilities (e.g. district hospitals): Mechanisms will be established to identify persons with TB symptoms at the time of hospital registration and fast track them to undergo evaluation for TB;

In congregate settings: Perform periodic active screening of individuals in prisons, shelter homes, engaged in mining, quarrying and stone crushing industries etc. by organizing health camps. Identification and training of a volunteer from these congregate setting for conducting active surveillance of these populations (after the health camps), for early identification of any persons with TB symptoms and linking them rapidly to diagnostic and treatment services.

The presumptive TB patients identified will undergo full evaluation for TB by facilitating:

- · Referral of patients to health facilities
- · Sputum collection and transportation
- · Facilitate chest-Radiography at public or private health facilities as required
- Linkages with CBNAAT sites for TB diagnosis and DST

## iii. Establishing systems for Active Surveillance in the key affected populations

The project will establish systems for active surveillance among the KAP. The project will identify a CV from the KAP area who will perform following activities:

- Active surveillance for presumptive TB patients or contacts of TB after completion of active case finding efforts
- Rapid linkages with diagnostic and treatment services of any identified presumptive TB cases or contacts of TB/ MDR-TB
- · Follow-up of all TB patients identified through active case finding on treatment adherence.

### 6. Target Group/Beneficiaries:

The KAP are disadvantaged high-risk groups of people, and includes the following:

- People who have increased exposure to TB: Slum dwellers; household contacts of TB patients; workers from mining and quarrying activities, and construction workers, who are exposed to silica (high risk of acquiring silico-TB); hospital visitors; healthcare workers; prisoners; sex workers etc.
- People who have limited access to quality TB services: Tribal populations living in hard to reach
  areas; women who live in settings with gender disparity; street children; homeless population;
  migrant workers; tea-garden workers; vulnerable population living in congregate settings orphanages, homes for destitute, night shelters etc.
- People at increased risk of TB because of biological or behavioral factors that compromise immune function: People who are living with HIV (PLHIV), diabetes, silicosis, malnourished; alcoholics; smoking etc.

## B. PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK

Please see attached.

### C. SUMMARY BUDGET

Please see attached.



## Performance Framework

Country	India						
Grant Name	IND-T-IUATLD						
Implementation Period	01-Jan-2018 - 31-Mar-	2021					
Principal Recipient	International Union Aga	ainst Tuberculosis an	d Lung Disease				
Reporting Periods	Start Date	01-Jan-2018	01-Oct-2018	01-Apr-2019	01-Oct-2019	01-Apr-2020	01-Oct-2020
	End Date	30-Sep-2018	31-Mar-2019	30-Sep-2019	31-Mar-2020	30-Sep-2020	31-Mar-2021
	PU includes DR?	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No

#### Program Goals and Impact Indicators

1 To achieve a rapid decining burden of TB morbidity and mortality while working towards elimination of TB in India by 2025

	Impact Indicator	Country	Baseline Value	Baseline Year and Source	Required Dissagregation	2018	2019	2020	Comment
1	TB I-2: TB incidence rate per 100,000 population	India	217	2015 WHO Global TB Report 2016		N D: P: % Due Date	N: D: P: % Due Date:	N: 142 D P: % Due Cate: 31-Dec-2021	The baseline for incidence rate is from WHO Global TB report 2016 and the traget for the same has been proposed based on NSP [2017-2025]. It is based on callendar year. The PR has provided target for the last year of the grant period 1.e. 2020. as 142 (2-34 % decline from the baseline) which is appropriate as measurement of incidence rate in between will be a challenge. NSP does not have armund targets.  For the target in 2020, the PR is planning to use results from TB prevalence survey.
2	TB I-3(M): TB mortality rate per 100,000 population	India	37	2015 WHO Global TB Report 2016		N: 30 D: P: % Due Date: 31-Dec-2019	N: 24 D: P: % Due Date: 31-Dec-2020	N: 15 D: P: % Due Date: 31-Dec-2021	The baseline for T8 mortality rate is reported from the WHO Global report 2016 as 37/100,000 polulation. The targets for the three years grant period (Yr 1 as 30, Yr 2 as 24 and Yr 3 as 15) are in liew that the NSP document. The population size 1,372,087,039 is used in 2018 with an average of 1,13% growth rate.
3	TB I-4(M): RR-TB and/or MDR-TB prevalence among new TB patients: Proportion of new TB cases with RR-TB and/or MDR-TB	India	2.84%	2015 NDRS results		N: D: P: %	N: D: P: %	N: D: P: %:	NDRS results used for the basilne are yet to be published. The proportion of MDR to is only for new smear positive cases and not all new cases.  Targets will be set during first quarter of grant implementation, i.e. by 31 Mar

#### **Program Objectives and Outcome Indicators**

- 1 Early detection of TB cases by Active Case finding in targeted groups and initiate treatment promptly
- 2 Systematically engage the private provides with an increase in case notification to 2 million cases annually
- 3 Improving treatment adherence and treatment support byadoption of iCT tools and partnerships
- 4 Strengthen linkages with the Pharmacovigilance program of india ( PvPI) for monitoring, identification and detection of signals.
- 5 Health system strengthening with focus on mechanisms for critical mangement reforms, restructuring HR and Financial norms.
- 6 Promote Research on issues which are the key relevance to guide interventions and to monitor and evaluate the impact of the program through collaboration with specialized institutions

	Outcome Indicator	Country	Baseline Value	Baseline Year and Source	Required Dissagregation	2018	2019	2020	Comment
1	TS O-S(M): TB treatment coverage. Percentage of new and relapse cases that were notified and treated among the estimated number of incident TS cases in the same year (all own of TS - bacterologically confirmed plus clinically diagnoses)	India	59%	2015 WHO Global TB Report 2016		N: 1,696,000 D: 2,120,000 P: 80,00% Due Date: 01-Apr-2019	N: 2,040,000 D: 2,400,000 P: 85,00% Due Date: 01-Apr-2020	N: 2,412,000 D: 2,680,000 P: 90,00% Due Date: 01-Apr-2021	The baseline of 59% for this indicator is from the WHO Global TB report 2016. The numerator includes "Number of new and releapse cases that were notified and treated" whereas the denominator will include "Estimated number of incident TB cases in the same year (all form of TB - bacteriologically confirmed plus clinically diagnosed?)  The source of the information for the numerator will be Nikshay whereas the denominator is based on the programme estimation.



	Outcome Indicator	Country	Baseline Value	Baseline Year and Source	Required Dissagregation	2018	2019	2020	Comment
	TB O-4(M). Treatment success rate of RR TB and/or MDR-TB	India	46%	2013 Annual Status	TB case	N: 15,840 D: 33,000 P: 48,00%	N: 28.032 D: 50.058 P: 55.99%	N: 38,610 D: 59,400 P: 65,00%	Baseline figure was reported in 2015, based on cohort from two quarters in 2013 to two quarters in 2014.
2	Percentage of cases with RR and/or MDR-TB successfully treated	ingia	40%	Report 2016	definition	Due Date: 01-Apr-2019	Due Date: 01-Apr-2020	Due Date: 01-Apr-2021	Treatment success rate for patients on short term regimen will be disaggregated in Year 3 or if available earlier.
3	TB O-1a: Case notification rate of all forms of TB per 100,000 population - bacteriologically confirmed plus clinically	India	127.2	2015 WHO Global TB		N. 179 D: P: %	N: 197 D: P: %	N: 209 D: P: %	The PR has provided the baseline for this indicator from the WHO Global TB report 2016 as 127. The targets are calculated basis the TB case notifications (from public sector and private sector) of the new and retreatment cases which will be reported from Nikshay and the projected polulations (census data). The
	diagnosed, new and relapse cases			Report 2016		Due Date 01-Apr-2019	Due Date: 01-Apr-2020	Due Date: 01-Apr-2021	population size 1,372,067,039 is used in 2018 with an average of 1,13% growth rate.
4	TB O-6: Notification of RR-TB and/or MDR-TB cases — Percentage of notified cases of bacteriologically confirmed.	India	36%	2015 WHO Global TB		N: 59,400 D: 130,000 P: 45,69%	N: 71,078 D: 130,000 P: 54.67%	N: 82,800 D: 130,000 P: 63,69%	The Numerator and Denominator includes the notificatrions from Private Sector
-	drug resistant RR-TB and/or MDR-TB as a proportion of all estimated RR-TB and/or MDR-TB cases	Times.		Report 2016		Due Date 01-Apr-2019	Due Date: 01-Apr-2020	Due Date: 01-Apr-2021	

Coverage Indicator	Geographic Area	Baseline	Baseline Year and Source	Required Dissagregation	Cumulation for AFD	01-Jan-2018 30-Sep-2018	01-Oct-2018 31-Mar-2019	01-Apr-2019 30-Sep-2019	01-Oct-2019 31-Mar-2020	01-Apr-2020 30-Sep-2020	01-Oct-2020 31-Mar-2021	Comments
B care and prevention  CP-1(M): Number of notified asses of all forms of T5-(i.e. ascheriologically confirmed + iniciacly diagnosed), includes new not relapse cases	Country: India; Coverage: Subnational	N O P		HIV test status, Gender, A ge, TB case definition	N-Non- cumulative	N. 14.208 D. P	N; 17,856 D. P:	N: 20,506 D: P:	N: 23,539 D: P:	N: 28,781 D: P:	N: 29.510 D: P:	Note for all indicators: Targets for all coverage indicators are set based on the facal year (Appli-March) while impact and outcome targets are based on calendar year. The first period is 9 months, and other periods have 5 months thereafter. Targets are proportionally increased in the first period, based on annualized targets with reporting year April to March.  - The project will facilitate diagnosis and notification of atleast 134,400 TB patients during the project period through implementation of interventions including active case finding in community and health facilities, active surveillance and conducting health camps primarily among KAP in 123 district. The baseline is ont included in the target. Detailing geography locations of implementation can be found in integrated grant description document. The baseline is not available as the interventions are new (such as Active survivilence, health camps and district hospital intervention) and the number of districts have been reduced to 126 (from 265).
TCP-2(M): Treatment success rate-all forms: Percentage of TB asses, all forms, bacteriologically ontimed plus climically largnosed, successfully method in the properties of the properties of inner all TB cases registered for reatment during a specified period, new and relapse cases	Country: India; Coverage; Subnational	N: D: P:		Gender, HIV test status. Age	N-Non- cumulative	N: D: P:	N: 1,306 D: 1,536 P: 85.0%	N: 10,771 D: 12,672 P: 85.0%	N: 15.178 D: 17.856 P: 85.0%	N: 17.430 D: 20.506 P: 85.0%	N. 20,008 D. 23,539 P. 85,0%	-Source: Project quarterly report.  - The baseline is not available as this information was never captured in the current grant. It is only estimated that the current grant it is only estimated that the current grant is continued to the current grant in the current grant gran



Coverage Indicator	Country and Geographic Area	Baseline	Baseline Year and Source	Required Dissagregation	Cumulation for AFD	01-Jan-2018 30-Sep-2018	01-Oct-2018 31-Mar-2019	01-Apr-2019 30-Sep-2019	01-Oct-2019 31-Mar-2020	01-Apr-2020 30-Sep-2020	01-Oct-2020 31-Mar-2021	Comments
TCP-6b: Number of TB cases (all torms) notified among key affected populations high risk groups (other than prisoners)	Country: India; Coverage: Subnational	N: D: P:		Target / Risk population group	N-Non- cumulative	N: 12,787 D: P:	N: 16.070 D: P:	N: 18,455 D: P:	N: 21,185 D: P:	N: 25,903 D: P	N 26.559 D P	- The project interventions will focus on key affected population who are at his key of TB. It is estimated that at least 05% of the TB cases notified through the project will belong to such populations. The high risk groups will include allums, trotals (IDPs.) PLHV disabetics, contacts, migrares, redupees, mildren, or groups.  - The baseline is not available as never interventions are designed to notify cases from KAP compared to the current grant along with ~55% reduction in through the contact of districts.  - Source Project quarterly report

Component Name	Tuberculosis
Country / Applicant:	India
Principal Recipient	International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease
Application/Grant Name	IND-T-IUATLD
IP Start Date	01-Jan-18
IP End Date	31-Mar-21
Grant Currency:	USD

#### Budget Summary (in grant currency

	01-Jan-18	Y1		01-Jul-18			Y2	01-Apr-19	01-Jui-19			Y3	01-Apr-20	01-Jul-20	01-Oct-20	01-Jan-21	Y4		
	31-Mar-18		30-Jun-18	30-Sep-18	31-Dec-18	31-Mar-19		30-Jun-19	30-Sep-19	31-Dec-19	31-Mar-20		30-Jun-20	30-Sep-20	31-Dec-20	31-Mar-21			
By Module	01	Y1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Y2	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9		Q18				DEL 18	The state of	
TB care and prevention	458.237	458.237	684,824	719,658	771,051	769.593	2.945.126	733.917	785.228	736.951	803.141	3.059.236		Q11	Q12	Q13	Y4	Total	%
Program management	412.487	412,487	373,086	378,317	390,393	408,993	1.550.789	380.114	385.345	401.883	409.874	1.577.217	771,581	764,820	806,802	606,765	2,949,969	9,412,568	619
RSSH: Financial management	412,407	412,407	313,000	3/0,31/	380,383	400,993	1,550,769	300,114	385,345	401,883	409,874	1,5/7,217	380,996	385,457	402,765	371,316	1,540,533	5,081,026	33
systems	153,394	153,394	148,116	148,116	148,116	139,989	584,337	140,310	140,310			280,621						1,018,352	79
Total	1,024,119	1.024,119	1,206,026	1,246,090	1,309,560	1.318.575	5.080.251	1,254,341	1,310,883	1.138.834	1,213,015	4.917.074	1,152,577	1,150,277	1,209,567	978.081	4,490,502	15.511.945	1009
	1024/110	1,024,0101	1,200,020	1,240,000	1,000,000	1,010,0701	0,000,207.	1,204,041	1,010,000]	1,150,054	1,210,010	4,517,074	1,102,077	1,150,277	1,209,367	376,001]	4,490,502	15,511,945]	1007
By Cost Grouping	Q1	Y1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Y2	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Y3	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Y4	Total	%
.0 Human Resources (HR)	596,560	596,560	742,930	769,696	790,371	793,587	3,096,584	797,277	798,046	746,107	752,727	3,094,156	760,224	762,296	795,556	715,328	3,033,404	9,820,705	639
2.0 Travel related costs (TRC)	175,056	175,056	222,572	220,840	263,635	232,135	939,182	198,706	263,311	151,267	170,119	783,404	136,690	141,152	151,267	106,561	535,671	2,433,312	169
3.0 External Professional services (EPS)	15,385	15.385				15,385	15.385				15 385	15.385						40.404	140
4.0 Health Products - Pharmaceutical Products (HPPP)	10,000	10,000				10,000	10,000				10,385	15,385						46,154	0"
6 O Health Products - Non-																			-
Pharmaceuticals (HPNP) 6.0 Health Products - Equipment												- 19-							
(HPE)																		1 S 1 S 1	
O Procurement and Supply-Chain Management costs (PSM)			E di a						-	1	0000								
8.0 Infrastructure (INF)	2,031	2.031				2,031	2,031	V=10 0=			2,031	2,031					100000	6.092	00
9.0 Non-health equipment (NHP)	11,808	11,808	18.413	18.413	18.413	9.431	64.669	9,431	9.431	8.392	9.346	36,600	9.346	9.346	9.346		28,038	141.115	19
0.0 Communication Material and Publications (CMP)	25,600	25,600	15.935	8.862	8.862	28,554	62.212	17,708	8.862	8.862	29 145	64.575						Tarana I	
11.0 Programme Administration costs	1-1000		10,100,000	1011/17/00/17			4.00	7.5	-05	0,002	29,145	64,575	18,298	9,452	10,634	4,135	42,520	194,908	1.9
PA)	124,027	124,027	117,795	117,795	117,795	126,967	480,351	120,735	120,735	113,708	116,402	471,581	110,170	110,170	110,170	100,490	431,001	1,506,960	109
12.0 Living support to client/ target condition (LSCTP)	73,653	73,653	88.382	110.485	110.485	110.485	419 838	110.485	110.498	110.498	117.860	449.342	117,848	117,860	132.593	51.566	419.867	1.362.700	99
13.0 Payment for Results	14.55	10,000	00,002	710,100	110,100	110,400	410,000	110,400	110,400	170,400	117,000	440,042	117,040	117,000	132,383	31,000	413,007	1,302,700	97
Total	1,024,119	1,024,119	1,206,026	1,246,090	1,309,560	1,318,575	5,080,251	1,254,341	1,310,883	1,138,834	1,213,015	4,917.074	1,152,577	1,150,277	1,209,567	978,081	4,490,502	15,511,945	1009
									27.			ALC: N							
By Recipients International Union Against	Q1	Y1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Y2	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Y3	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Y4	Total	%
Fuberculosis and Lung Disease	525,884	525,884	531,138	506,364	547,382	535,600	2,120,485	489,722	535,420	370,065	390,643	1,785,851	344,443	340,058	367,481	316,571	1,368,554	5,800,774	379
REACH (Resource Group for Education and Advocacy for		DATE						B7 3											
	24,978	24,978	31,733	34,268	35,145	36,347	137,493	35,485	35,908	35,647	38,139	145,179	37,439	37,520	38,766	31,713	145,438	453,089	39
				136,597	141,509	145.513	549.917	141.758	144,129	142.666	152 530	581.080	149.675	150,128	154.514	129.236	583,553	1.804.535	129
CHAI (Catholic Health Association of	89.985	89.985	126 299			-	-		1111140	1,12,000	102,000	001,000	1.10,01.0	100,120	104,014	150,500	000,000	1,004,000	167
CHAI (Catholic Health Association of ndia) CBCI-Coalition for Aids and related		89,985	126,299	V200000000	The same	100000	10000000		1001000	1028939	(2.000)		S2443555	10.0000000	1000		STATE OF THE PARTY OF		
CHAI (Catholic Health Association of ndia) CBCI-Coalition for Aids and related Deseases	76,523	76,523	105,606	116,252	119,938	123,170	464,965	120,265	122,042	120,939	129,556	492,803	127,326	127,666	132,896	103,266	491,154	1,525,446	109
Community Health) CHAI (Catholic Health Association of nois) CBCI-Coalition for Aids and related Deseases Vew SR (TBD)			2000 2000	V200000000	119,938 159,148	123,170 163,936	464,965 621,664	120,265 160,365	122,042 162,311	120,939 161,110	129,556 171,833	492,803 655,619	127,326 169,015	127,666 169,383	132,896 175,107	103,266 142,655	491,154 656,161	1,525,446 2,045,428	109
HAI (Catholic Health Association of dia) BCF-Coalition for Aids and related Jeseasses lew SR (TBD)	76,523	76,523	105,606	116,252				160,365		161,110	171,833	655,619	169,015	169,383	175,107	142,655	656,161	2,045,428	13
CHAI (Catholic Health Association of ndia) CBCI-Coalition for Aids and related Deseases	76,523 111,984	76,523 111,984	105,606 143,468	116,252 155,112	159,148	163,936	621,664		162,311										
2HAI (Catholic Health Association of ndia) 2BCL-Coalition for Aids and related Jeseases Heaving Region (TBD) AMMTA-Health Institute for Mother and Child 7HAI (Voluntary Health Association of ndia)	76.523 111.984 84,643 83,414	76,523 111,984 84,643 83,414	105,606 143,468 113,726 113,895	116,252 155,112 124,364 125,051	159,148 128,050 128,900	163,936 131,499 132,322	621,664 497,639 500,169	160,365 128,594 129,291	162,311 130,376 131,157	161,110 129,280 130,012	171,833 138,118 139,078	655,619 526,368 529,538	169,015 135,883 136,744	169,383	175,107	142,655	656,161	2,045,428	139
2HAI (Catholic Health Association of notia) BCI-Coalition for Aids and related lessases lew SR (TBD) AAMTA-Health Institute for Mother and Child THAI (Voluntary Health Association of	76.523 111.984 84,643	76,523 111,984 84,643	105,606 143,468 113,726	116,252 155,112 124,364	159,148 128,050	163,936 131,499	621,664 497,639	160,365 128,594	162,311 130,376	161,110 129,280	171,833	655,619 526,368	169,015 135,883	169,383 136,228	175,107 141,458	142,655 111,835	656,161 525,403	2,045,428 1,634,054	135